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STYLE OF PARENTING CULTURE AND ITS DETERMINANTS**Jarani Mao¹ and Fr. Prof Sunny Joseph PhD²**Research Scholar¹ and Research Guide², Department of Education, St. Joseph University, Nagaland.**ABSTRACT**

Parenting culture differs ubiquitously, depending on the beliefs and traditions of various societies. There are different styles of parenting that a parent adopts for molding and shaping the life of their children. The specific patterns of behavior and beliefs embrace by the parents denotes the parenting culture. Over the changing time, with the progression in virtually every field of life including education, the lifestyle in the modern era is quite different from the past. Education being the main agent for cultural change, parenting culture has been one of the zones that have undergone drastic change. This paper will make a humble attempt to investigate the changing parenting culture, with an objective to study the determinants of parenting culture in Kohima Town. The design of the research is descriptive, with a sample of 100 respondents, randomly selected from Kohima town. The researcher had used self –constructed Questionnaire as a tool for collecting data and was administered personally by the researcher. Deductive approach was applied for result discussion and interpretation. The successful completion of this piece of research have familiarized with the general determinants of changing aspects of parenting culture.

Keywords: Parenting style, Determinants, Parenting Culture, Kohima**INTRODUCTION**

With the changing time, the concept of life itself has altered with new scope and priorities for all kinds of people belonging to different society, culture and nation. Over the years, this changes are seen almost everywhere in every field of human life. Parenting style and culture has been one of the unnoticed or researched areas, where one of the most drastic changes has taken place. It is a fact that every individual parent has his/her own techniques and styles of rearing or upbringing their children. Most often, the style of parenting culture is passed on down from generation to generation as according to the beliefs, culture and tradition to which one belongs. The parent themselves exhibits the same style of parenting they have received as a child from their own parents.

Generally, there are different techniques of parenting culture such as authoritative, permissive and uninvolved. The first type of parenting style denotes strict and rigid types of parenting. Adherence to discipline and rules and regulations is considered a must where children are bound to have strong respect and fear for parents. The second type of parenting refers to the friendly and warm type of parenting, where imposing rules and strict discipline is limited. It is a type of parenting culture where both children and parents share a friendly and approachable relationship. The third type of parenting refers to a style of parenting which involves freedom of children without any intervention from parents. Parents usually stay out of the business of their children and the children are kept independent to take or to make any decision on their own.

Research conducted in this field has yield diverse results in different areas. Findings in studies related to this topic shows that the various types of parenting style has a different impact on the child's development and over all personality, and that there are numerous factors that determines the parenting style, Shahsavari, M. (2012), Sarwar, S. (2016), and Sanvictores, T. and Mendes, M.D. (2022). Very limited is known on this issue in the region, therefore it is necessary to explore and examine the existing types of parenting culture and to determine the determinants affecting the parenting culture. Findings in this study will help the parents to realize the merits and demerits of various styles and techniques of parenting, will help the parents to cope and adjust with their style of parenting for enhancing the proper development of their child's personality, further will also be familiarized with various factors determining their style of parenting and helps them to regulate the controllable factors.

OBJECTIVES

The objective out the present study is to find out the type of parenting culture most favored by parents in Kohima District. To examine what determines the parenting culture in the selected area.

METHODOLOGY

The design of the research is descriptive, with a sample of 100 respondents, randomly selected from Kohima town. The sample consists of both male and female parents in Kohima, the age of the sample were between 25-45 years. The researcher had used self –constructed Questionnaire as a tool for collecting data and was