2015

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No.: SOC-201

(Social Stratification and Social Mobility)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. What is social stratification? Explain the features of social stratification. 2+7=9

Or

What do you understand by social differentiation? Discuss the differentiation based on age and occupation. 2+7=9

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2. Discuss the functionalist theory of social stratification.

Or

Critically analyze the conflict theory of social stratification.

3. Explain different forms of social stratification.

Or

Define social class. Explain the characteristics of social class. 2+7=9

4. Explain the meaning of social mobility.

What are different kinds of social mobility?

2+7=9

Or

Elaborate, with examples, how caste mobility functions in India.

5. Define secularization. Discuss the process of secularization in India. 2+7=9

Or

Discuss briefly the emerging trends of caste mobility in India. 9

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2015

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No.: SOC-201

(Social Stratification and Social Mobility)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks: 10)

Put a Tick (1) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1×10=10

1.	"A	stratified	society	is one	marked	by	inequal	ity,
	by	difference	s amon	g people	that are	e ev	aluated	by
	the	m as being	g 'lower'	and 'hig	her'." Wh	o sta	ated this	3.5

(a)	Giddings	()	-		1	J. C.L.	73.5
(b)	Lundberg	. ()	(j.	Æ.	Elemen	(d)
(c)	Gisbert	()))	'១មូរ៉ា	

(d) Davis Moore () heprayed (w

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2.	The	e status occupied as a result of birth is called
	(a)	achieved status ()
	(b)	ascribed status ()
	(c)	inherited status ()
	(d)	genetic status ()
3.	Soc	ial stratification integrates various groups in iety, because it is a
	(a)	functional necessity ()
	(b)	political necessity ()
	(c)	religious necessity ()
	(d)	cultural necessity ()
4.		ich is the basis of the most rigid social tification?
	(a)	Caste ()
	(b)	Economy ()
	(c)	Age ()
	(d)	Physical ()
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5. Which of the following compares the social positions of parent and child?
(a) Intergenerational mobility ()
(b) Career mobility ()
(c) Social selection ()
(d) Social mobility ()
6. Who made the distinction between 'achieved status' and 'ascribed status'?
(a) MacIver ()
(b) Ralph Linton ()
(c) Simnel ()
(d) Le Bon ()
7. The caste-ridden society is called
(a) immobile society () assess to radius the
(b) ideal society () and the second of the
(c) vertical society ()
(d) None of the above ()
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8	. So	cial stratification implies
	(a)	social justice ()
	(b)	social injustice ()
	(c)	social equality ()
	(d)	social inequality ()
9.		atus of an individual in the society is something ich
	(a)	is permanent ()
	(b)	is temporary ()
	(c)	does not change with changing time ()
	(d)	does not change with changing situations ()
10.	Nag	ga society is characterized by
	(a)	social classes () and the state of the stat
	(b)	no social stratification ()
	(c)	caste-like stratification ()
	(d)	egalitarianism) ()) o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o

SECTION—II

(*Marks* : 5)

Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (\checkmark) mark: $1 \times 5 = 5$

1. Differentiation may be considered the first stage preceding stratification.

(T / F)

2. In a class system, opportunities are provided for social mobility.

(T / F)

3. M. N. Srinivas has pointed out, two important trends are witnessed in caste—the process of Sanskritization and that of Westernization.

(T / F)

4. The idea of purity and impurity is associated with class.

(T / F)

5. Sanskritization generally results in upward mobility.

 $(T_{\alpha} / F_{\alpha})$

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SECTION-III

(*Marks* : 10)

Answer any five of the following:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. What are the three causal factors of social differentiation?

2. Distinguish between caste and class.

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3. What is estate system?

4. Mention some important characteristics of modernization.

5. Explain secularization.

6. Differentiate between intergenerational mobility and intragenerational mobility.

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7. What is Sanskritization?
