

**2017**

( 2nd Semester )

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Paper No. : Pol-201

( **Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts** )

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

( **PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE** )

( *Marks : 45* )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. (a) Examine, in detail, the key elements of modern liberalism. 9

*Or*

- (b) Define socialism. Explain the principles of socialism. 3+6=9

( 2 )

2. (a) Define authority. Discuss the features of authority. 3+6=9

Or

(b) Define power. Explain the sources of power. 3+6=9

3. (a) What do you mean by revolution? Examine the idealist view on revolution. 9

Or

(b) Examine the theory of prescriptive possession of political obligation. 9

4. (a) Define nationalism. Discuss the Third World Nationalism. 3+6=9

Or

(b) Define nation. Explain the essential elements that create a nation. 3+6=9

5. (a) Examine the impact of globalization. 9

Or

(b) Define globalization. Discuss various agents of globalization. 3+6=9

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( 2nd Semester )

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Paper No. : Pol-201

**( Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

1. Put a tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) Who wrote, *The Wealth of Nations*?

(i) John Locke ( )

(ii) Adam Smith ( )

(iii) Jeremy Bentham ( )

(iv) Thomas Hobbes ( )

(b) "The world picture is a picture of how matter moves and how matter thinks." Who said this?

(i) Lenin ( )

(ii) Engels ( )

(iii) Marx ( )

(iv) G. A. Cohen ( )

(c) Legitimacy based on the consent of the people is called

(i) political legitimacy ( )

(ii) civil legitimacy ( )

(iii) ideological legitimacy ( )

(iv) personal legitimacy ( )

(d) "Legitimate power or influence is generally called Authority." This was said by

(i) H. A. Simon ( )

(ii) Blondel ( )

(iii) S. E. Finer ( )

(iv) Robert Dahl ( )

(e) The oldest theory of obligation is

(i) consent theory ( )

(ii) divine theory ( )

(iii) liberal theory ( )

(iv) idealistic theory ( )

(f) The Latin word *Resistentia* means

(i) to take back ( )

(ii) to hold back ( )

(iii) to sit back ( )

(iv) to stay back ( )

(g) The author of *Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism* is

(i) Marx ( )

(ii) Lenin ( )

(iii) Engels ( )

(iv) Charles Hodge ( )

(iv) To Tom Narim, 'Sub-State Nationalism' is the result of

(i) uneven advancement ( )

(ii) uneven development ( )

(iii) uneven distribution ( )

(iv) None of the above ( )

(i) The transmission of ideas, meanings and values around the world to extend and intensify social relations is called

(i) cultural globalization ( )

(ii) political globalization ( )

(iii) social globalization ( )

(iv) economic globalization ( )

(j) Globalization is also widely used as

(i) westernization ( )

(ii) modernization ( )

(iii) Americanization ( )

(iv) All of the above ( )

( 5 )

2. Write short notes on the following :

5×2=10

(a) Idealist theory of revolution

(b) The theory of class struggle



3. Indicate *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a tick (✓)  
mark : 1×5=5

(a) According to Marx, world history is nothing but  
the creation of man by human labour.

( T / F )

(b) Traditional authority is the result of rational laws.

( T / F )

(c) Resistance should be passive and non-violent.

( T / F )

(d) Common instinct of human acquisitiveness led to  
imperialism.

( T / F )

(e) Theodore Levitt is credited with coining the term  
'globalization'.

( T / F )

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