

2017

( 5th Semester )

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-501

( **Comparative Government and Politics** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. (a) What is comparative politics? Examine the significance of the study of comparative politics. 3+6=9
- Or
- (b) Discuss the nature and scope of comparative politics. 9
2. (a) Explain the features of traditional approach to the study of comparative politics. 9

Or

(b) Explain the modern approaches to the study of comparative politics. 9

3. (a) Discuss the factors that contributed towards the growth of cabinet dictatorship in the UK. 9

Or

(b) Discuss the theory of Separation of Powers as incorporated in the American Constitution. 9

4. (a) Explain the composition and functions of National People's Congress of China. 9

Or

(b) Compare the political parties of the UK with that of the US political parties. 9

5. (a) Discuss the salient features of Third World political system. 9

Or

(b) Examine the functioning of political systems in the Third World countries. 9

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**2017**

( 5th Semester )

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Paper No. : POL-501

**( Comparative Government and Politics )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

1. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) Who is regarded as the father of comparative politics?

(i) Plato ( )

(ii) Aristotle ( )

(iii) Socrates ( )

(b) Structural-functional approach to the study of comparative politics was introduced by

(i) Easton ( )

(ii) Karl Marx ( )

(iii) Almond ( )

(c) The traditional approach to the study of comparative politics was criticised because

(i) it was not confined to the study of Western democracies ( )

(ii) it focussed on the formal institutions only ( )

(iii) it was based on comparison ( )

(d) Which is the most important source of the British Constitution?

(i) Conventions ( )

(ii) Statutes ( )

(iii) Charters ( )

(e) Donald Trump the present President of the US belongs to which political party?

(i) Democratic Party ( )

(ii) Republican Party ( )

(iii) Liberal Party ( )

(f) How many members are there in the US Senate?

(i) 300 ( )

(ii) 200 ( )

(iii) 100 ( )

(g) Who prepares budget in the UK?

(i) Lord Chancellor ( )

(ii) Chancellor of Exchequer ( )

(iii) Prime Minister ( )

(h) China is

- (i) Unicameral ( )
- (ii) Bicameral ( )
- (iii) Republic ( )

(i) Which is the most powerful Second Chamber in the world?

- (i) House of Lords ( )
- (ii) National People's Congress ( )
- (iii) Senate ( )

(j) Which among the following is not a feature of Third World political system?

- (i) Lack of proper communication network ( )
- (ii) Industrially developed ( )
- (iii) Traditional society ( )

( 5 )

2. Write notes on the following :

5×2-10

(a) Shadow Cabinet

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( 6 )

01 (b) Democratic Centralism

Ba/Pol-501/108



( 7 )

3. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

(a) Comparative politics as a field of study began with the study of City-State.

( T / F )

(b) The process of transmission of values from one generation to another generation is called political culture.

( T / F )

(c) China is a Socialist country.

( T / F )

(d) The Presiding Officer of House of Lords is known as Lord Chancellor.

( T / F )

(e) Third World countries are marked by high rate of economic growth.

( T / F )

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