2017

(4th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No.: Soc-401

(Modern Sociological Theories)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Discuss the concept of social structure in the light of A. R. Radcliffe-Brown.

Or

- (b) Differentiate between science and society in the context of A. R. Radcliffe-Brown.
- 2. (a) Critically evaluate Malinowski's theory of needs.

Or

(b) How does Malinowski differentiate between magic and science? Explain. 9

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9

9

3. (a) What do you understand by the term 'pattern variables'? Explain.

9

Or

(b) Discuss Talcott Parsons AGIL paradigm.

9

4. (a) What is function? Elaborate manifest and latent functions in the light of R. K. Merton. 2+7=9

Or

(b) Discuss the reference group as given by R. K. Merton.

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5. (a) Explain the sociological imagination of C. Wright Mills.

Or

(b) Discuss the power elite theory of C. Wright Mills.

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SOCIOLOGY

Paper No.: Soc-401

(Modern Sociological Theories)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE) (Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I
(Marks: 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1×10=10

1.	A.	R.	Radcliffe-Brown	was	a/an	socia
	ant	hrop	pologist.			

(a)	French	(-)		- ં , ત્રીસ્	
(b)	Australian		(=)		ta salari
(c)	English	(,)			j s
(dj	American		(''			

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2.	Acc call	ording to Brown, person to person relationship is ed
	(a)	dyadic relationship ()
	(b)	thematic relationship ()
	(c)	synchronic relationship ()
	(d)	symbolic relationship (
3.	The	basic need as given by Malinowski is
	(a)	movement ()
	(b)	socialization ()
	(c)	economics (),
	(d)	care of children ()
4.	1000	book, Sociological Theory and Modern Society written by
- ^ x	(a)	A. R. Radcliffe-Brown ()
	(b)	Talcott Parsons ()
	(c)	Malinowski ()
n ' n j	(d)	R. K. Merton ()
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5.	Who among the following studied Trobriand Islanders through the method of fieldwork?				
	(a)	A. R. Radcliffe-Brown ()			
	(b)	Malinowski ()			
	(c)	W. H. R. Rivers ()			
	(d)	Morgan ()			
6.	The dilemma of role performance where evaluation is involved in relation to a situation is				
	(a)	ascription vs. achievement ()			
	(b)	specificity vs. diffuseness ()			
	(c)	affectivity vs. affective neutrality ()			
	(d)	self-orientation vs. collectivity orientation ()			
7.		est taboos are expected to prevent biological eneration. It is an example of			
	(a)	latent function ()			
	(b)	manifest function ()			
	(c)	dysfunction ()			
	(d)	malfunction ()			
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8.	• Who said, "Groups which serve as points of comparison are known as reference groups"?					
	(a)	W. G. Sumner ()				
	(b)	Ogburn and Nimkoff ()				
	(c)	R. K. Merton ()				
ē1	(d)	Kingsley Davis ()				
9.	peo	ls argues that sociological imagination allows ple to understand their private troubles in ms of				
	(a)	individual issues ()				
	(b)	human issues ()				
	(c)	public issues ()				
	(d)	general issues ()				
10.	C. V	Wright Mills was of that power elites represent				
	(a)	society's interest ()				
	(b)	self-interest ()				
	(c)	group interest ()				
	(d)	own interest ()				
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SECTION—II

(*Marks* : 5)

Indicate whether the following statements are True(T) or False(F) by putting a Tick (\checkmark) mark: $1 \times 5 = 5$

1. Radcliffe-Brown has often seen associated with functionalism.

(T'/F)

2. Societies are integrated whole whose cultural domains are interrelated.

(T / F)

3. Talcott Parsons identified five general functional requirements.

(T / F)

4. According to Malinowski, magic and religion do not belong to the area of sacred and are born and function amidst emotional tension.

(T / F)

5. A reference group is a concept referring to a group to which an individual or another group is compared.

(T / F)

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SECTION—III

(*Marks*: 10)

Answer the following (any five):

2×5=10

1. Explain Brown's structural functionalism with examples.

2. Explain Malinowski's view on religion.

3. What is universalism vs. particularism?

4. What are functions and dysfunctions?

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5. Mention any two important characteristics of reference group.

6. How can we apply the concepts of sociological imagination to any behaviour?

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7. Write a short note on power elites.

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