

2013

( 3rd Semester )

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-301

( **Development of Education in India** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Explain the aims of Vedic Education. 9

Or

Discuss the salient features of Buddhist Education.

2. Give an account of Muslim System of Education in Medieval Period. 9

Or

Explain the features of Islamic Education.

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( Turn Over )

( 2 )

3. Explain the contribution of Christian Missionaries to Indian Education. 9

Or

What is a Charter? What are the two important clauses inserted in the Act? Write the significance of the Charter Act of 1813 in the history of Indian Education. 1+3+5=9

4. Highlight and explain the main recommendations of Wood's Despatch of 1854. 9

Or

What was the Macaulay's Minutes of 1835? Discuss the criticism of Macaulay's contribution to Indian Education. 5+4=9

5. Examine Gokhale's Bill on the movement towards Compulsory Education in India. 9

Or

What are the defects noticed by Hartog Committee of 1929 in the field of Primary Education?

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(3rd Semester)

**EDUCATION**

Paper No. : EDN-301

**( Development of Education in India )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 10 )

**A.** Tick (✓) the appropriate response from the choices given below : 1×5=5

1. The word 'Veda' is derived from the verbal root 'Vid' which means

(a) to worship ( )

(b) to know ( )

(c) to excel ( )

(d) to study ( )

2. Learning in the Vedic age was a part of

(a) life ( )

(b) duty ( )

(c) religion ( )

(d) culture ( )

3. In Islamic education, more emphasis was laid on

(a) physical development ( )

(b) religious development ( )

(c) social development ( )

(d) moral development ( )

4. Which among the following was the first Indian Education Commission?

(a) Hunter Commission ( )

(b) Sadler Commission ( )

(c) Radhakrishnan Commission ( )

(d) Kothari Commission ( )

5. The suggestion for a 'three-year degree course' first came in the recommendation of the

(a) Indian University Commission, 1902 ( )

(b) Calcutta University Commission, 1917 ( )

(c) University Education Commission, 1948-49 ( )

(d) Indian Education Commission, 1964-66 ( )

B. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words in the following : 1×5=5

1. .... is the ceremony for starting the education of Muslim child.

2. .... Missionaries were the first among Europeans to start educational institutions in India.

3. ..... prepared the 1854 Education Policy in India.

4. The chief crusader of Free and Compulsory Education in India was .....

5. The blueprint of 'Basic Education' was laid down by .....

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 15 )

C. Answer/Write short notes on any *five* of the following : 3×5=15

1. Daily routine and duty of the student during Vedic Period

2. Types of educational institutions during Vedic Age

Answer: Write short notes on any two of the following:  
1. The primary and secondary education during Vedic period.

2. The tertiary education during Vedic period.

3. The quaternary education during Vedic period.



3. Women Education in Buddhist Period

4. Two differences between Vedic and Buddhist Education

5. State Patronage of Education during Muslim Period

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( 10 )

6. Why is the recommendation of Wood's Despatch of 1854 regarded as the 'Magna Carta' of Indian Education?

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7. Concept of Basic Education

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