2022

(2nd Semester)

COMMERCE

Paper: BC-202

(Business Economics)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is deflation? What are the causes of deflation? Suggest some measures to control deflation. 2+4+3=9

Or

(b) Explain profit maximization theory of firm

(Turn Over)

9

2. (a) What is elasticity of demand? Briefly explain the different types of elasticity of demand. 2+7=9

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the determinants of price elasticity of demand.
 - (ii) Given the price of good X equal to ₹15, the quantity demanded is 100 units. When the price of the good increases to ₹25, quantity demanded falls to 60 units. Calculate price elasticity of demand.
- 3. (a) What is short-run production function? Explain the different stages of law of variable proportion. 2+7=9

Or

(b) What is cost? Explain the different types of short-run cost curves with diagram.

2+7=9

5

4

4. (a) What is monopoly? Explain how price and output are determined in a monopoly market. 2+7=9

Or

(b) What is monopolistic market? Explain the features of monopolistic market.

2+7=9

22L/240a

(Continued)

5. (a) Explain how wage is determined in a perfect competitive market.

Or

(b) What is Say's law? Explain in brief the propositions and implications of Say's law. 2+4+3=9

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Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

only.

Signature of Examiner(s)

the main Answer Book. Instructions

given in each question should be followed for answering that question

Signature of Invigilator(s)

Booklet No. B

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

2022

(2nd Semester)

COMMERCE

Paper: BC-202

(Business Economics)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark
 in the brackests provided: 1×10=10
 - (a) The shortage of anticipated expenditure compared with the available output of goods and services at base prices refer to
 - (i) deflation ()
 - (ii) inflation ()
 - (iii) reflation ()
 - (iv) None of the above ()

(b)		theory oounded		'rev	eni	ıe	max	imiza	ation'	was
	(i)	W. J. Ba	aum	ol		()			
	(ii)	Robin M	arri	S	()			
	(iii)	David R	icar	do		()			
	(iv)	Chambe	rlin		()				
(c)	good	ne percen d demano in its pric	ded	is sr	nall	er 1	than	the	percer	itage
	(i)	> 1	()						
	(ii)	= 1	()						
	(iii)	< 1	()						
	(iv)	= 0	()						
(d)	The	cross-el ds is	astio	city	of	dei	man	d of	unre	lated
	(i)	one	()						
	(ii)	zero	()						
	(iii)	infinite		()					
	(iv)	None of	the	abo	ve		()		

(e)	In m	odern concept, the long-run AC curve is
	(i)	U-shaped ()
	(ii)	L-shaped ()
	(iii)	upward sloping ()
	(iv)	downward sloping ()
(f)	The	concept of 'fixed cost' is relevant to
	(i)	short period ()
	(ii)	long period ()
	(iii)	both short and long periods ()
	(iv)	None of the above ()
(g)	Und	ler perfect competition, the AR curve of the
	(i)	downward sloping ()
	(ii)	vertical ()
	(iii)	horizontal ()
	(iv)	U-shaped ()

(h)	The	price rigidity exists in
	(i)	monopoly ()
	(ii)	perfect competition ()
	(iii)	oligopoly ()
	(iv)	monopolistic competition ()
(i)		ording to whom 'rent is a differential plus'?
	(i)	David Ricardo ()
	(ii)	Alfred Marshall ()
	(iii)	Robbins ()
	(iv)	None of them ()
<i>(i)</i>	The of p	concept of 'liquidity preference' is the desire ublic to hold
	(i)	cash ()
	(ii)	capital ()
	(iii)	shares ()
	(iv)	None of the above ()

- 2. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick () mark: $1 \times 5 = 5$
 - (a) During inflation, purchasing power of money falls.

(T / F)

(b) Tea and coffee the examples of are complementary goods.

(T / F)

(c) Isoquant is convex to the origin due to decreasing MRTS.

(T / F)

(d) Price discrimination is generally possible in oligopoly market.

(T / F)

'Quasi-rent' concept is relevant only for short period.

(T / F)

- 3. Write short notes on any five of the following: $2\times5=10$
 - (a) Reflation

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(b) Complementary goods

(c) Increasing returns to scale

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(9)

(d) Expansion path

(e) Selling cost

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(f) Collusive oligopoly

(12)

(g) Gross profit and net profit

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(h) Liquidity preference
