## 2022

(2nd Semester)

## **COMMERCE**

Paper: BC-203

## (Commercial Law)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Define consideration. Critically discuss the essential elements of consideration.

2+7=9

9

9

Or

- (b) State and briefly explain the various modes in which a contract may be discharged.
- 2. (a) Discuss the rules regarding delivery under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930.

22L/241a (Turn Over)

## Or

- (b) What are conditions and warranties in a contract of sale? When can the breach of conditions be treated as a breach of warranty?

  5+4=9
- 3. (a) Define partnership. Explain the essential elements of partnership. 2+7=9

Or

- (b) Discuss the grounds on which partnership can be dissolved.
- 4. (a) Distinguish between Promissory Note and Bill of Exchange.

Or

- (b) What is crossing of a cheque? Elaborate on the different types of crossing of cheque. 2+7=9
- 5. (a) Explain the salient features of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

Or

(b) What is FEMA? Explain the main provisions of FEMA. 2+7=9

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Subject Code: CL/BC-203	Booklet No. A 420				
To be filled in by the Candidate	Date Stamp				
BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA 2nd Semester End Term Examination, 2022					
Paper	To be filled in by the Candidate				
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES	BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA				
1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.	2nd Semester End Term Examination, 2022				
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.	Roll No.				
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions	Subject  Paper  DESCRIPTIVE TYPE				
given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.	Booklet No. B				

Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of Examiner(s) Signature of Invigilator(s)

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(2nd Semester)	
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Paper: BC-203	(iii)
(Commercial Law) bilev	(m)
( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )  ( Marks : 25)	of the (c) Offe
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the	he questions
1. Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (in the brackets provided:	4 40 40
(a) An agreement made by the action/beha parties is	
(i) oral agreement ( )	
(ii) written agreement ( )	
(iii) express agreement ( )	
(iv) implied agreement (iv) anom	(ai) a
/241	CL/HC-203/34

(b) An agreement in restraint of marriage is	
(i) void ( )	
(ii) voidable ( )	
(iii) lawful ( )	
(iv) valid (16)	
(c) Offer is defined in	
(i) Section 2(a) ( )	
(ii) Section 2(b) ( )	-
(iii) Section 2(c)	
(iv) Section 2(d) (b) (b)	
(d) Dishonour of a bill of exchange may be done by	
(i) non-acceptance ( )	
(ii) non-payment ( )	
(iii) Both (i) and (ii)	
(iv) None of the above	
CL/BC-203/241	

(e)	'Goo Sale	ds' are of Good	define s Act	ed 1 t, 19	ande 930.	r Se	ctio	n dod guara	of	the
	(i)	2(6)	(	)	. 701	dab.		prima	19 (Tp)	A.J
	(ii)	2(7)		)				credit	(11)	
	(iii)	3(6)	(	)					(xir)	
	(iv)	3(7)		)				None		
(f)		nsumer' i sumer P								the
	(i)	2(a)	o <b>j</b> ue	ar <b>)</b> 11	H GIT				$\langle \hat{i} \rangle$	
	(ii)	2(1)(d)	ıb al(	Jim	)nas		To !	albriw	(11)	
	(iii)	2(b)	<b>11</b> ( )	o)						
	(iv)	2(1)(e)	(		)			) sub		
					produ				(ui)	
(g) When a partner agrees to share his profits in a partnership firm with an outsider, such an outsider is called										
	(i)	actual 1	partn	er	nt on	aemo	o le	mutti	(4)	
	(ii)	(ii) sub-partner ( ) ) ) ( iii)								
	(iii) nominal partner (1 10) 1000010 (1)									
	(iv)	silent p	artne	er	· (	oda)				
CL/BC-2	03 <b>/2</b> 4	<b>1</b> 1	,							

	a contract of guarantee, the person who give guarantee is called	*
(i)	principal debtor ( )	
(ii)	creditor ( )	
(iii)	surety ( )	
(iv)	None of the above ( )	
<i>(i)</i> Un	paid seller is defined as one to whom	The same
(i)	part of the amount is due	
(ii)	whole of the amount is due ( )	
(iii)	whole or part of the amount i	S
(iv)		
8 (11 8)1	// When a partner pares to share us prof	
(j) Dis	charge of a contract may be done by	
(i)	mutual consent or agreement ( )	
(ii)		
(iii)	breach of the contract of la (imo)	
(iv)	All of the above	
CL/BC-203 <b>/24</b> :	203/241	

2.	State wheth	ner the f	ollowing sta	atements	are True (	$T$ ) $\epsilon$
	or False (F	) by put	ting a Tick	(√) mark	:	$1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) Attempted performance of a contract is also known as 'tender'.

(T/F)

(b) The remedy of 'specific performance' is allowed in case of breach of all types of contracts.

(T/F)

(c) Registration of a partnership firm is compulsory under the Partnership Act, 1932.

(T/F)

(d) A 'holder in due course' gets the instrument free from all defects.

(T/F)

(e) Sale of goods is concerned with movable goods only.

(T/F)

3. Write short notes on any five of the following:  $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

(a) Attempted prilonage e e a consact is aler

(a) Unpaid seller

elberte to expendence of send to east of

(c) Registration of a particular up from a compulsory

(d) A 'holder in due course' gets the instrument 'rec

from all defents

(e) Sale of goods is concerned with movable goods

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(b) Capacity of parties

(c) Auction sale

(d) Types of partnership

(e) Negotiable instrument

(f) Rights of consumers

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