2015

(2nd Semester)

COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-204

(Financial Accounting-II)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Define accounting theory. Explain its objectives in brief. 2+7=9

Or

- (b) "Accounting is known as Financial Information System." Explain. 9
- 2. (a) Explain the different lists of liabilities and assets for preparing the Statement of Affairs.

L15--1300/548a (Turn Over)

Or

(b) Mr. Rakesh filed a petition in bankruptcy on 31st December, 2014. His books showed the following balances:

	Particulars	₹	₹	₹
	Fixtures and Fittings (estimated to produce ₹ 400)		1,030	,
	Stock-in-Trade			
	(estimated to produce ₹ 5,000)		7,210	
	Trade Creditors			7,940
	Bills Payable			8,700
١	Sundry Debtors :			
	Good	3,800		
	Doubtful (estimated at 50%)	8,000		
	Bad	8,000	19,800	
	Bank Overdraft			6,900
(Capital		16 <u>23</u> 0	4,500
			28,040	28,040

Liability on bills discounted ₹ 2,500, expected to rank ₹ 600. His life policy (surrender value ₹ 2,000) given security for a loan of ₹ 1,500 at 10% interest paid up to the preceding 30th June. Mrs. Rakesh gave up jewellery valued at ₹ 1,200 to the official receiver. Official receiver completed certain pending transaction which resulted in a profit of ₹ 200. There is a creditor of ₹ 100 (included in trade creditors) who is not to rank for dividend. Income tax due amounted to ₹ 1,540.

Prepare Statement of Affairs and Deficiency Account. 5+4=9

3. (a) Mention the objectives of Branch
Accounting. Write the main features of
branches not keeping full system of
accounting.
4+5=9

Or

(b) Mr. X of Dimapur purchased goods for his 3 departments as:

Departments	Pieces	
\boldsymbol{A}	400]	at a total
B	1600 }	cost of
C	1000	₹ 4,300

Sales for 3 departments were:

Departments	Pieces	Rate per piece (₹)
Α	200	15
B	1800	20
C	1200	5

Other information about stock at the beginning was:

Departments	Pieces	
\boldsymbol{A}	200	
B	500	
C	300	

Mr. X informed you that the rate of gross profit is the same for all departments. Prepare Departmental Trading Account. Show all workings.

4. (a) Show the format of Policyholders Account (Form A-RA) as per IRDA guideline.

Or

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(b) From the following information relating to Adarsh Bank Ltd., prepare Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2014 along with the necessary schedules:

Items	Amount for	Items	Amount for	
th	e year ended		the year ended	
	31.03.14		31.03.14	
•	(in '000)		₹ (în '000)	
Interest/Discount		Advertisement &		
on Advances/Bills	31,628	Publicity	87	
Income on		Depreciation on Bar	nk's	
Investments	11,810	Property	292	
Interest on Balances		Directors' Fees,		
with RBI	4,243	Allowances & Exp	enses 7	
Commission, Exchange	ge	Auditors' Fees & exp		
and Brokerage	2,907	Law Charges	22	
Profit on Sale of		Postage, Telegrams	87	
Investments	114	Telephones	312	
Interest on Deposits	31,404	Repairs & Maintena	nce 91	
Interest on RBI		Insurance	915	
Barrowings	3,362	Other Expenditure	884	
Payments to and		Balance of Profit &	Loss	
Provision for		Account b/f	1,524	
Employees	9,717			
Rent, Taxes & Lightin	ıg 955		W	
Printing & Stationery	213			
L15—1300 /548 a	Ĺ	(Continued)	

The following adjustments are to be made:

- (i) Make a provision for income tax (including surcharge) @ 51-75%
- (ii) Every year, the bank transfers 25% of profit to statutory reserve and 5% of profit to revenue reserve
- (iii) Dividend amounting to ₹ 2,00,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2014 is proposed by the Board of Directors
- What is self-balancing system? Give its 5. (a) sections. What are the advantages of 1+2+6=9 self-balancing ledgers?

Or

From the following details, write General (b) Adjustment Accounts Ledger purchase and sales ledger) as on 31st March, 2014:

₹ **Particulars** 17,425 Debtors (01.04.2013) Dr. 320 Debtors (01.04.2013) Cr. 27,408 Creditors (01.04.2013) Cr. 210 Creditors (01.04.2013) Dr. 25,200 Purchases 28,209 Sales 208 Sales returns 714 Purchases returns 12,700 Cash paid to creditors

1300/**548a** 1.15

(Turn Over)

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(6)

Particulars	₹
Bills received from debtors	9,300
Bill dishonoured	200
Bills accepted for creditors	7,400
Credit balance in sales ledger	
(on 31.03.2014)	4,241
Debit balance in bought ledger	
(on 31.03.2014)	2,678
Provision for bad debts	900
Discount allowed to debtors later	
	100
on disallowed	8,700
Cash received from debtors	1,020
Discount allowed to creditors	10000000
Cash paid to debtors	25
Cash purchases	4,320
Cash sales	7,400
Bad debts written off	215
	215
Discount allowed to debtors	1,242
Transfer from creditors to debtors ledger	250
Bad debts received	230

