101 12

crequi la 2023 di no debiaula

To be facilities to the characters

(FYUGP) will dudong to

(3rd Semester)

PSYCHOLOGY

its importance, advantages and dis-

inetrogui bort ("Minor"), visedo si wolf

Paper Code: M-PSY-03

(Psychological Research)

Full Marks: 75 Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours are bonism

(PART: B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is psychological research? Elaborate on the types of qualitative research.

 γ_{Dj} What is a standardized test? Explain the

(b) What are the goals of psychological research? Elaborate on the ethics.

5+5=10

(Turn Over)

24L/454a M S

244-7=10

2.	(a)	Elucidate on the types and importance of probability sampling method.					
		Or					
	(b)	What is incidental sampling? Explain its importance, advantages and disadvantages. 2+4+4=10					
3.	(a)	How is observational method important in psychological research? Explain the different observation methods adopted in data collection. 5+5=10					
**		or					
	(b)	Critically analyze the different interview methods used in research.					
4.	(a)	What is research method? Elucidate on the different types of correlation. 3+7=10 Or					
	(b)	(b) What is statistics? Elaborate on the concept of Solomon 4-group design.					
		2+8=10					
5.	(a)	Write in detail the various					
		classifications of test. 10					
		Or					
	(b)	What is a standardized test? Explain the					

```
2.0.7 S. of the repeat deliver recent
   in is thated on on on the
                       (FYUGP)
       100 deteni
                    (3rd Semester ) (a)
                    PSYCHOLOGY (d)
       (c) field notes (noiM) ) mudal (c)
       (b) data Paper Code: M-PSY-031x9 (b)
               ( Psychological Research )
  of the following sampling methods, which is a probabil (Javiroaugo A: TRAP)
                      ( Marks : 25 )
                                (a) Judgement
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions
            Book
                                    (b) Quota
                        SECTION—I
            (c) Simple (scheresman) (c)
       (d) Convenience (b)
A. Put a Tick ( / ) mark against the correct answer in the
    brackets provided: research, a dependent variable 10=10
     1. A statement made about a population for testing
        purpose is called
                               (a) data (
             statistic
         (a)
             hypothesis
       (c) level of significance ditted (trie)
       (d) test statistic ble ( no) sluggod (b)
```

2. The quantitative research is based on
(a) reductionism (12)
(b) grounded theory ()
(c) field notes rout (1)
(d) expansionism : abo (v rec)sq
(Psychological Research)
3. Of the following sampling methods, which is a probability method?
(Marks : 25)
(a) Judgement (b) the figures in the marks for the questions
SECTION—I (d)
(c) Simple random AmM ()
(d) Convenience ()
A. Put a Tick (/) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided:
1. A statement made about a population for resume
purpose is called (a) atab (a)
(a) statistic ()
(b) hypothesis (b)
(c) level of (ignilicance noitudintail)
(d) test stati(tic) (noitaluqoq (b)

The term 'data' came from the Latin root term a child with the best aducational plansfor a child with Down's syndrome. Which of the fmstable (a) ould be your best method of choice?					
(d) Participant obse(vati) matab) (d)					
(c) datum					
gridg(c) Surveys () stab (b)					
6. Which one is the true example of primary data from the following options?					
(a) High test-retest reliability lanruot (b) (b) Good predictor of behaviour. (c) High internal consistency (d)					
(c) Census Report (tibil) v bood (b)					
10. Which of the f(llow)ng rengagawaMnc(b)rent validity?					
7. In a correlational research, a dependent variable is also referred to as					
(b) Two or more clinicians agree (d) the outcome (a)					
(c) The items on the faldairavilability re(d) to to each other					
(d) The totion that eldairavancing that highly with scores from tests that measures the eldairavtauoentxe (b)					

the Dow	are a school psychologist trying to decide best educational plan for a child with m's syndrome. Which of the following would your best method of choice?					
(a)	Participant observation (d)					
(b)	Interviews (c) datum (c)					
(c)	Surveys ()					
(d)	Case study (()) stab (b)					
9.5 An IQ itest does not provide; which of the following?						
(a)	High test-retest reliability lemude ()					
	Good predictor of behaviour ()					
	High internal consistency (d)					
(d)	(c) Census F(epor): wibility bood					
10. Which of the following refers to concurrent validity?						
olds(a) That two tests are done at the same						
(b)	Two or more clinicians agree on the outcome (1914) area rotation (1914)					
(c)	The items on the test consistently relate to each other ()					
- (d)	The notion that scores on a test correlate highly with scores from tests that measures the same attribute. 11x2 (5)					

B. Match the following from by writing the codes provided:	10	List	Ewith that of List—II twill in the brackets 1×5=5 Vrite briefly on the followin
List—I		7 14	List—II
(a) Multistage sampling	()	(i) Non-probability _{IV} H .I sampling
(b) Delphi	()	(ii) Primary data
(c) Judgemental sampling		•)	(iii) Secondary data
(d) Únpublished sources	() ,	(iv) Categorical data
(e) Oualitative		dg ((u) Probability sampling

((63))

((87))

B. Match the following the code of the brackets provided:

provided:

provided:

1×5=5

(a) Multistage sampling () (i) Primary data

(a) Delphi () (ii) Primary data

sampling () (ii) Secondary data

(a) Unpublished () (ii) Categorical data

(b) Qualitative () (v) Probability sampling

2. Sample and population or supply and lo against basic

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

1454

((81)

2. Sample and populate quorg suport and populate 2.

(9

4. Practice effect

5. Importance of psychological tools

* * *

Maria

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

Ba/M-PSY-03/454

24L-300