2024

(FYUGP)

(4th Semester)

to seeming a selSOCIOLOGY and the second

(Minor)

ragerso, dufficeb ... edd ... raet ... well. Paper Code: SOC/H/M-4

(Sociology of Gender)

Analyze Chirdinak percepterive on Full Marks: 75 Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

What is gendering in sociology? Give 1. (a) reasons why gender matters in society. 2+8=10

Or

(b) Define gender. Explain the different 2+8=10types of gender.

(Turn Over)

24L/917a

2.	(a)	Discuss	the	difference	between	sex	and	
		gender.						10

Or

- (b) What do you mean by gender socialization? Discuss the agencies of gender socialization. 2+8=10
- 3. (a) How does the conflict perspective explain gender?

Or

- (b) Analyze Gandhian perspective on gender.
- 4. (a) Examine, in detail, how in India women are victims of both caste and gender discrimination.

Or

- (b) Analyze how family and household become a site for perpetuation of gender inequalities.
- 5. (a) In what way women are segregated from the decision-making process?

Or

(b) Give a detailed account of women's movement in post-Independent India.

* * *

(FYUGP)
(4th Semester)
SOCIOLOGY
(Minor)
Paper Code: SOC/H/M-4 bergero
(Sociology of Gender)
(PART: A—OBJECTIVE)
(Marks : 25)
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions
SECTION—I
((Marks: 15)) a set le secol (b)
Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1×15=15
1. Who defined gender as a social role performed/enacted by the individuals, and validated and accepted by society?
(a) Talcott Parsons (()) marrows ()
(b) Judith Butler ()
(c) Shulamith Firestone ()
(d) Nancy Julia Chodorow ()
/917

2.	is e	erson who is identified as has a gender that either both masculine and feminine or between sculine and feminine.
	(a)	bigender ()
		agender ()
	(c)	androgyne ()
	(d)	cisgender (CC)
		(Substitute republicants)
3.	Acc	ording to sociologists, gender behaviour is
	(a)	learned (100)
8.57 St	(b)	biological ()
	(c)	androgenic ()
		None of the above
		a fick (A) mark aigeaust that confest to see the
The state of	SOCI	ial structure that institutionalize male physical, al and economic power over women is
	(a)	masculinity ()
	(b)	gender discrimination
	(c)	patriarchy () amount threating (a)
	(d)	feminity () workhould built yours (b)
Ra/S	OC/I	I/M_4/917

5.	Early starts at birth and is a process of learning socio-cultural roles according to one's gender.					
	(a)	social differentiation ()				
	(b)	social division ()				
	(c)	gender sensitization ()				
	(d)	gender socialization ()				
6.		ch of the following statements is true regarding der?				
	(a)	It is biologically determined. ()				
	(b)	It is a social construct. ()				
	(c)	It is a numerical concept. ()				
	(d)	It is the same as the sex of the person. ()				
		18,000				
7.		which theoretical perspective does the following tement most likely apply?				
	Women continue to assume the responsibility in the household along with a paid occupation as it keeps the household running smoothly, i.e., at a state of balance.					
	(a)	Symbolic interactionism ()				
	(b)	Subaltern ()				
	(c)	Functionalist theory				
	(d)	Conflict theory ()				
		왕이 있는 생활을 가장하면 하는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다는 것이 되었다.				

8.	Who is the author of the book, Gender, Subaltern Studies and the Invisibility of Women?						
	(a)	Kate Currie () moision in the					
	(b)	Radha Kumar (m) resilectors tolones.					
	(c)	Tejaswini Niranjana ()					
		Liz Stanley (2013) April 10 (2)					
		(a) Francisco de la constante					
		Topusco (compresso e en al participa e					
9.	Wha	at is gender equality?					
	(a)	Men and women are equal					
	学馆书	Men and women are not equal ()					
		All gender must share the same rights () the companies of the same					
	(d)	Equal rights, responsibilities and opportunities of women and men and girls and boys ()					
Ba/S	OC/I	H/M-4/917					

10.	hier	Who among the following argued that "Caste hierarchy and gender hierarchy are the organizing principles of the Brahmanical social order"?						
	(a)	B. R. Ambedkar ()						
	(b)	Uma Chakravarti ()						
	(c)	Savitribai Phule ()	efficie (n)					
	(d)	Periyar ()	(d) 1980s					
11.		ch Act provides for equal wages nen for equal work?	to men and					
	(a)	The Equal Salary Act ()	(d) liberty					
	(b)	The Equal Wages Act ()	ingipitary (e)					
	(c)	The Equal Remuneration Act	$(a_{23})_{23}$					
	(d)	The Equal Allowance Act ()					
12.		nen in India are discriminated in						
	(a)	political life ()) 21 (n)					
	(b)	social life ()	[6] 13					
	(c)	economic life ()) 41 (3)					
	(d)	All of the above ()	al is					
Ba/S	OC/I	H/M-4/917	TIO(1-1/1/1/1007/c)					

13.	The Women's Liberation Movement which was a part of the second-wave of feminism emerged in the late					
	(a)	1950s		(ranciana. } + y = 2mbhhòraA :	34 (1) (2)
	(b)	1960s		(Land and the state of the state	
	(c)	1970s		(in and the	(d) Savi
	(d)	1980s		((a) Pers
14.	Fen	ninist Mo	ovem	ents	are aimed at	.L. Which A
	Alleyt' had	equality				d control (
	(b)	liberty		(Boust Schar Acts	9/10
	(c)	particip	atio	1	(top regar langu	SET (-5)
		power		(^{30, 2}	Erned Remaneralish	577 (5)
					ior Edwyddia Gund	Seff (b)
15.	Artic disc	cle riminatio	_ of	f th	Constitution prohibasis of sex.	bits any
	(a)	12	()	and the state of the second	effag = fot
	(b)	13	()	f lite ()	Chos (di
	(c)	14	() y (elii, alem	
	(d)	15	() 1	t the above (O IIA IN
Ba/S	OC/F	H/M-4 /91	7			

SECTION—II

(Marks: 10)

Answer any five questions in brief:

2×5=10

1. What is the role of culture in gender construction?

2. Distinguish between Agender and Bigender.

What is the electric to an are the street of the street of



3. Write a brief note on the functionalist perspective on gender.

Ba/SOC/H/M-4/917

PENHOCKHAR

Scanned with OKEN Scanner

(10)

4. What is patriarchy?



5. What do you mean by gender inequality in workplace? Discuss briefly.

Ba/SOC/H/M-4/917

TVO THE VIEW OF THE

6. What is the importance of gender mainstreaming?



7. State the current challenges in achieving gender equality.