2019

(4th Semester)

HISTORY

Paper: His-401

(Indian Nationalism)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Describe the causes and the nature of the Indigo Revolt.

Or

Discuss the main causes of the Revolt of 1857.

2. Discuss the aims, methods and achievements of the moderate nationalists. 9

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Indian National Movement.

Or

Account for the rise of extremists in the

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3. Narrate the circumstances that led to the passing of the Indian Councils Act, 1909. Pa 3+6=9What were its reforms?

Or

salient features of the Describe the Government of India Act, 1935.

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1. '

2.

Examine how Mahatma Gandhi was able to transform the INC into a mass movement.

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Or

Give an account of the Quit India Movement.

5. Discuss the factors responsible for the rise and growth of communal politics in India.

Or

Describe the process of integration of the Princely States with the Union of India.

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2019

(4th Semester)

HISTORY

Paper: His-401

(Indian Nationalism)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks: 10)

A. Write short notes on the following:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Moplah Uprising

Or

Rani Laxmi Bai of Jhansi

Origin of INC
 Or
 Partition of Bengal

3. Two provisions of the Government of India Act, 1919

Or

The Revolt Act, 1919

4. C. R. Das

Or

Subhash Chandra Bose

The Cabinet Mission Plan
 Or
 Indian Independence Act, 1947

SECTION—II

	(<i>Marks</i> : 10)
В.	Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×10=10
	1. The play Nil Darpan was written by
	(a) Harish Chandra Mukhopadhyaya ()
	(b) Dinbandhu Mitra ()
	(c) Dadabhai Naoroji ()
	2. The first martyr of the Revolt of 1857 was
	(a) Mangal Pandey ()
	(b) Rani Laxmi Bai ()

(c) Kunwar Singh ()

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3.	"Political freedom is the life breath of a nation." Who said this?
	(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ()
	(b) Surendranath Banerjee ()
	(c) Aurobindo Ghosh ()
	madage militar same in a
4.	Who among the following was called "the Grand Old Man of India"?
	(a) Aurobindo Ghosh ()
	(b) Dadabhai Naoroji ()
	(c) Pheroz Shah Mehta ()
5.	The Government of India Act, 1919 is also known as
	(a) Rowlatt Act ()
	(b) Minto-Morley Reforms ()
	(c) Montague-Chelmsford Reforms ()
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6. The system of dyarchy at the Centre version established by the	va
(a) Indian Councils Act, 1909 ()	
(b) Government of India Act, 1919 ()
(c) Government of India Act, 1935 ()
7. The Jallianwala Bagh Massacre, 1919 occurr at (a) Ambala ()	ed
(b) Amritsar ()	
(c) Amber ()	
8. Who organized the Indian National Army (INA)?	>
(a) Rashbehari Bose ()	
(b) Subhash Chandra Bose ()	
(c) Captain Mohan Singh ()	
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9.		Indians boycotted the Simon Commission ause
	(a)	it refused to accept the Congress demand for transfer of power ()
	(b)	there was not a single Indian representative in it ()
	(c)	it came to make a thorough investigation of the Indian political situations ()
		among the following propounded the Two on Theory'?
S(E)	(a) -	Sayyid Ahmed Khan
	•	Md. Ali Jinnah ()
(6	c) 1	Muhammad Iqbal ()
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SECTION—III

(*Marks* : 5)

- C. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark: 1×5=5
 - 1. The Santhals rose in rebellion in 1852.

(T / F)

2. The founder of INC was W. C. Banerjee.

(T / F)

3. The Act of 1935 was a great advancement as compared to the Act of 1919.

(T / F)

4. The historic 'Dandi March' was led by M. K. Gandhi.

(T / F)

5. The last Viceroy of British India was Lord Mountbatten.

(T / F)

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