2025

slass raggeral (FYUGP ) and out to

(1st Semester)

( MINOR )

Paper Code: HIS/MN-101

## [ History of India (From Earliest Times to Gupta Period ) ]

Full Marks: 75 Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks: 50 )

The figures in the margin indicates full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Discuss the archaeological and literary sources of ancient Indian history. 10
  - (b) Define the word 'neolithic'. Discuss the characteristic features of the Neolithic Age. 3+7=10

2.	(a)	Examine the features and importances
		of the Great Bath and Harappan seals
		during the Harappan Civilization.

10

Or

- (b) Discuss the factors that led to the decline of Harappan Civilization.
- 3. (a) Discuss the socio-political conditions during the later Vedic period.

Or

- (b) Critically examine the religion from early to later Vedic period.
- 4. (a) Discuss the origin and main teachings of Buddhism.

10

10

Or

- (b) Discuss the characteristic features of Ashoka's Dhamma. How did he propagated it? 6+4=10
- 5. (a) Describe the socio-political conditions under the Kushanas.

Or

(b) Write a note on Sangam Literature, its culture and society.

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Subject Code: Ba/HIS/MN-10				

## To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom	
Examination, 2025	
Subject	 
Paper	

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
- 2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
- 3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Booklet No. A

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To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA

1st Semester End Term

Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B .....

Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of Examiner(s)

Signature of Invigilator(s)

## 2025 (FYUGP) (1st Semester) HISTORY (MINOR) Paper Code: HIS/MN-101 [ History of India ( From Earliest Times to Gupta Period ) ] ( PART : A—OBJECTIVE ) ( Marks : 25 ) The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions SECTION—I ( Marks : 15 ) Put a Tick (1) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: $1 \times 15 = 15$ 1. Archaeology is the study of material remains of ancient culture ( study of text ( ) study of inscriptions ( )

(a)

(b)

(c)

	(a)	Microliths	20(25)	
	(b)	Blades	( Lat Semester)	
	(c)	Hand axes	AGOJSIH	
			( MINOR )	
3.	Pit	dwelling was	discovered in	
			History of Todia ( From Earlie	7
	(a)	Brahmagiri	그 사람들은 아이들이 있는 경기 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 가장 나를 보는 것이 없는 것이 없다.	
			Y PART A CBURCTIVE	
	(b)		(de ) Mark ( D)	
	(c)	Sanganakall	tres in the margin indicate full mo	
4.	The	Great Grana	ary was discovered at	
			was discovered at	
		Mohenjo-dare	napisoid s	
			chacology is the study of	
(	b)	Lothal (	material remains of ancient	
(0	c) I	Kalibangan	) ( Estation of tennational ) (	(9)
Ba/HIS	/MN	-101/64	study of inscriptions ( ) (	(0)
		101/64	[ 4 ] A01/101-WM	

2. Which were the characteristic stone tools used

during Palaeolithic India?

5.	Mor	rtimer Wheeler propagated which theory for the line of Harappan Civilization?	
	(a)	Aryan invasion ( )	
	(b)	Natural calamities ( )	
	(c)	Lead poisoning ( )	
		Sylva Rimbiograph belonged to which dvings will	
6.	Moh	o was the Indian that excavated the sites at henjo-daro?	
	(a)	Daya Ram Sahni ( )	
	(b)	R. D. Banerji ( )	
	(c)	Sir John Marshal ( )	
	(6)	The sacred text of Buddhism is sark lenters	
7.	Dur	hitri in the early Vedic period means	
	(a)	search for cows ( )	
	(b)	milker of the cow ( )	
	(c)	family tree ( )	
8.	Whi	ich Vedic text primarily consists of rites and als?	12
	(a)	Rigveda ( ) emmaM (s)	
	(b)	Samaveda ( )	
	(c)	Yajurveda ( )	
Ba/I	HIS/M	N-101/64 [ 5 ]	T.O

9. Jana	means				
(a) t	ribes	( )			
(b) t	erritory	( )			
(c) F	Raja (	),			
<b>10.</b> King	Bimbisara	belonged	to which	dynasty?	
(a) N	Mauryan dy	nasty	( )		
(b) N	Nanda dyna	asty (	ndse	Daya Ram	(21)
(c) I	Haryanka d	ynasty	( )	R. D. Ban Sir John	
<b>11.</b> The s	acred text	of Buddhi	sm is	ed a the	
(a) V	/edas	( )			
(b) T	`ripitaka	( )			
(c) A	Igamas	( )			
	was the nistration?	chief prie	st under	the Maur	
(a) N	<b>l</b> antris	( )			
<i>(b)</i> P	urohita	( )(			
(c) S	enapati	( ) (			
Ba/HIS/MN-	101/64	16	1		

13.	Who	adopted the title 'King of Kings'?
	(b)	Kujula Kadphises
	(c)	Vima Kadphises ( )
14.	The	Sakas originated from which region?
		South Asia ( )
	(b)	Central Asia ( )
	(c)	East Asia ( )
15.	Duri	ing the reign of which Gupta king did Fa-Hien
	(a)	Chandragupta I ( )
	(b)	Chandragupta II ( )
	(c)	Samudragupta ( )
Ba/H	IIS/M	N-101/64 [ 7 ] [P.T.O.

SECTION—II

( Marks: 10 )

Answer/Write short notes on the following:

2×5=10

1. Two sources of literature

Or

Palaeolithic Age

2. Religious beliefs of the Harappans

Or

Two theories on the decline of the Harappan

3. Gavisthi Rajasuya da do saubab ent do semonda owi v

4. Bodhisattva

Or

Three Ratnas of Jainism

\* \* \*

5. Who were the Satavanahas?

Or

Samudragupta

4. Bodhisattva