2025

(FYUGP)

(1st Semester)

# Explain the powers and position of the Prime POLITICAL SCIENCE ( MINOR )

e Centre and the State. Paper Code: POL/H/M-1

## (Constitutional Government and Democracy in India )

Full Marks: 75 Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

The questions are of equal value

1. (a) Describe the salient features of the Constitution of Indian Republic. smericeveringness in the 42nd

Critically examine the Fundamental Rights (b) guaranteed in the Constitution of India.

2. (a) Discuss the multi-functional role of the Union Parliament.

Or

- Explain the powers and position of the Prime (b) Minister.
- 3. (a) Explain the executive and financial relations between the Centre and the State.

- (b) Critically analyze the emergency provisions of the Constitution.
- 4. (a) Examine the working of the three-tier system of Panchayati Raj.

PART : B TO ESCRIPTIVE )

- (b) Discuss the features of the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act of 1992.
- 5. (a) Explain the procedure of Constitutional Amendment of India. (a) Describe the oralent features Constitution of Indian Republic

Examine some key changes in the 42nd (b) Amendment Act, 1976.

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Subject	Code	: Ba/POL/I	I/M-1
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#### To be filled in by the Candidate

BA /	BSc / BCom	/ BBA	/ BCA
1st	Semester	End	Term
Exam	ination, 202	5 (FYUG	P)
	ct		
Paper			

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
- 2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
- 3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

#### Booklet No. A

Date Stamp

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# To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA

1st Semester End Term

Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Roll No.

Regn. No.

Subject

Paper

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B

Signature of Scrutiniser(s) Signature of Examiner(s)

Signature of Invigilator(s)

## 2025

(FYUGP)

(1st Semester)

#### POLITICAL SCIENCE

(MINOR)

Paper Code: POL/H/M-1

### (Constitutional Government and Democracy in India)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

( Marks: 15)

Put a Tick (/) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1×10=10

1.	The	Consti	tution	of	Inc	lia	pro	vide	S	for	free	and
	com	pulsory	educa	tion	to	wh	ich	one	of	the	follo	wing
	grou	ps of c	hildren	13								

(a) $3-9$	years	(	)
(a) 3-9	years	1	)

- (c) 6-14 years ( )
- (d) 4-10 years ( )

		e fundamental	duties	of In	dian citiz	ens l	have l	peen	
2.	The	fundamentar	1 h	·· the	Constit	ution	ı (	)	
	(a)	originally pro	vided D	y ure	tion	by	the	44th	•
	(b)	included in	the	Cons	stitution	D <sub>j</sub>			1
		Amendment	10101	sens's	tustion	by	the	42n	4
	(c)	included in	the	Cons	titution	Dy		1211	4
		Amendment	(9	ONI	tion by	a i11	dgem	ent c	ıf
	(d)	inserted into	Court	nstit	( )	59	aBorr		'1
					mereyo:				
2	Acc	ording to the	Article	75	of the C	onst	itutio	n, th	e
3.	Mir	nisters shall ho	old offic	e du	ring the	pleas	sure c	of the	
	(a)	Prime Minist	er	(	)				
	orter		at the	e acopi	oni nigu				
	(b)	President		)					
	(c)	Parliament	(	)					
	(d)	Lok Sabha	(	)					
4.	Und	der which Arti	cle car	ı the	Supren				
	wri	t?							
	(a)	Article 32	(	)					
	(b)	Article 71							
				)					
	(c)	Article 124	(	)					
	(d)	Article 147	(	)			A.ye		
Ba/F	OL/I	H/M-1/52		,					
1	-2/1	1/141-1/52		[ 4	1				

5.	In case of a clash between the laws made by the Centre and a State on a subject in the concurrent list, which law prevails?	
	(a) The State law prevails ( )	
	(b) The Central law prevails ( )	
	(c) Both laws prevail within their respective jurisdictions ( )	
	(d) The Supreme Court has to intervene to decide ( )	
6.	The Emergency Provisions of the Indian Constitution are contained in	
	(a) Part XVI, Articles 330-342 ( )	
	(b) Part XVII, Articles 343-351 ( )	
	(c) Part XVIII, Articles 352-360 ( )	
	(d) Part XIX, Articles 361-367 ( )	
7.	The Panchayati Raj is based on the principle of	
	(a) decentralization ( )	
	(b) centralization ( )	
	(c) democratic centralization ( )	
	(d) democratic decentralization (1)	

8.	Mui	nicipal Corporation?
	(a)	Supply of electricity to houses and factories ( )
	(b)	streets ( )
	(c)	Planting of trees along the roadside ( )
	(d)	All of the above
9.	A E	Bill for amending the Constitution of India can be coduced in
	(a)	J
	(b)	y and ringy a sasina ( )
	(c)	either House of the Parliament ( )
	(d)	the Supreme Court ( )
10.	Wh	ich Constitutional Amendment reduced the voting at from 21 years to 18 years?
	(a)	The 60th Amendment Act, 1988 ( )
	(b)	The 62nd Amendment Act, 1989 ( )
	(c)	The 63rd Amendment Act, 1989 ( )
	(d)	The 61st Amendment Act, 1989 ( )

Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark:  $1\times5=5$ 

11. Freedom to assemble peacefully without arms is a fundamental right.

(T/F)

12. The President of India is directly elected by the people.

(T/F)

13. The nature of Centre-State relations in India is static.

(T/F)

**14.** Members elected to the Municipal bodies are called councillors.

(T/F)

15. A Constitutional Amendment Bill can be introduced in either House of the Parliament, but not the State Legislatures.

(T/F)

SECTION—II is pulse (E) by putting is

( Marks: 10 )

Answer/Write on any five of the following: 2×5=10

1. Define the term 'secular'.

2. What does non-justiciable mean in the Directive Principles of State Policy?

3. Explain the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in India.

4. What is residuary power?

5. Briefly explain the Legislative Powers of the Union Parliament.

6. The President Rule (Article 356) and malayes

7. Zila Parishad

8. What is a municipality?

9. How is Constitutional Amendment proposed?

10. Simple majority

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