

**2025**

**( FYUGP )**

**( 3rd Semester )**

**SOCIOLOGY**

**(MINOR)**

**Paper Code : SOC/H/M-3**

**( Political Sociology )**

**Full Marks : 75      Pass Marks : 40%**

**Time : 3 hours**

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 50 )**

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions**

- 1. (a) Examine the emergence of Political Sociology as a field of study. 10**

**Or**

- (b) What is Political Sociology? Explain its subject matter. 2+8=10**

- 2. (a) Explain the concept of power. Describe its main characteristics. 2+8=10**



Or

- (b) Define political socialization. Explain its major functions in society. 2+8=10

3. (a) What is meant by political participation? Discuss its various forms from broader and narrower perspectives. 2+8=10

Or

- (b) Discuss the main functions of pressure groups in a democratic society. 10

4. (a) Analyze the key features of a democratic system and explain how they promote citizen participation. 10

Or

- (b) Define totalitarian system and examine how it contrasts with the principles of democracy. 10

5. (a) Discuss the origin of State with reference to any two major theories. 5+5=10

Or

- (b) Explain the structure and functions of the Village Council system under the Nagaland Village and Area Councils Act, 1979. 10

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Paper Code : SOC/H/M-3

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( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***SECTION—I**

( Marks : 15 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided :  $1 \times 15 = 15$ **1. Political Sociology is the study of interrelation between**

- (a) society and culture ( )
- (b) power and politics ( )
- (c) politics and society ( )
- (d) culture and politics ( )



2. Who said, "Political Sociology is the study of political behaviour within a sociological perspective of framework"?

- (a) Robert E. Dowse and John A. Hughes ( )
- (b) S. M. Lipset ( )
- (c) R. Bendix ( )
- (d) A. K. Mukhopadhyay ( )

3. Who called Political Sociology as 'interdisciplinary hybrid'?

- (a) P. Blau ( )
- (b) Sartori ( )
- (c) Kothari ( )
- (d) Lipset ( )

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is power legitimized by extraordinary personal abilities that inspire devotion and obedience.

- (a) Rational-legal authority ( )
- (b) Traditional authority ( )
- (c) Charismatic authority ( )
- (d) None of the above ( )



5. \_\_\_\_\_ is the process which transmits the political values and norms from one generation to another.

- (a) Socialization ( )
- (b) Political culture ( )
- (c) Political participation ( )
- (d) Political socialization ( )

6. In which landmark study did Gabriel Almond and Sidney Verba first systematically formulate and popularize the concept of political culture?

- (a) 'Political Man' ( )
- (b) 'The Civic Culture' ( )
- (c) 'The Human Condition' ( )
- (d) 'Politics and Society' ( )

7. Which of the following does not belong to Lester Milbrath division of political activities?

- (a) Gladiatorial ( )
- (b) Transitional ( )
- (c) Spectator ( )
- (d) Rational ( )



8. When eligible voters choose not to participate in elections due to lack of interest or belief in the system, this is called

(a) ballot fatigue

(b) political alienation

(c) voter apathy

(d) disenfranchisement

9. Which of the following is a major agent in shaping public opinion?

(a) Judiciary

(b) Bureaucracy

(c) Mass media

(d) Armed forces

10. Which sociologist emphasized the role of authority and legitimacy in political system?

(a) Karl Marx

(b) Max Weber

(c) Emile Durkheim

(d) Herbert Spencer



11. The tribal governance among the Nagas is traditionally based on

- (a) bureaucratic hierarchy ( )
- (b) hereditary monarchy ( )
- (c) parliamentary procedures ( )
- (d) village councils and customary law ( )

12. Which of the following is not a feature of totalitarian regimes?

- (a) Surveillance of citizens ( )
- (b) Cult of personality ( )
- (c) Competitive elections ( )
- (d) Control over educational media ( )

13. Which of the following is not a necessary condition for the success of democracy?

- (a) Establishment of a State religion ( )
- (b) Social and economic equality ( )
- (c) A sound and organized party system ( )
- (d) Freedom of the press and expression ( )



14. The 74th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1993 provided constitutional status to the

(a) District Planning Committees ( )

(b) Urban Local Bodies ( )

(c) State Election Commission ( )

(d) Gram Sabhas ( )

15. Who defined the State as "union of families and villages having for its end perfect and self-sufficing life" ?

(a) Aristotle ( )

(b) Rousseau ( )

(c) Hobbes ( )

(d) Plato ( )



SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* from the following questions :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Briefly explain the relationship between Politics and Sociology.



2. Define the concept of Authority.

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any five from the following questions : 2x5=10

1. Briefly explain the relationship between Politics and Sociology.

(a) Aristotle

(b) Rousseau

(c) Gramscian

(d) Aristotle

(e) Rousseau

(f) Hobbes

(g) Plato



3. Distinguish between Parochial political culture and Subject political culture.



4. Mention any two points highlighting the importance of public opinion.



5. What is meant by 'political system'?



6. Define State.



7. State any two characteristics of bureaucracy.

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[ 15 ]

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