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(FYUGP)

(2nd Semester)

PSYCHOLOGY

(MINOR)

Paper : M-PSY-02

(Psychology of Individual Differences)

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.*

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

Choose the correct answer :

1×15=15

**1. According to humanistic psychologists, the
primary goal of life is**

- (a) avoiding punishment**
- (b) achieving power**
- (c) self-actualization**
- (d) conforming to society**

2. Emotional intelligence mainly involves
 - (a) logical reasoning
 - (b) understanding and managing emotions
 - (c) mathematic skills
 - (d) physical coordination
3. Which factor does not influence intelligence?
 - (a) Heredity
 - (b) Environment
 - (c) Motivation
 - (d) Blood group
4. Giftedness is considered as an example of
 - (a) average intelligence
 - (b) emotional intelligence
 - (c) extremes of intelligence
 - (d) cultural intelligence
5. The Buddhist concept of 'Anatta' means
 - (a) eternal self
 - (b) no permanent self
 - (c) universal self
 - (d) divine soul

6. In Advaita Vedanta, the world of appearances is called
- (a) Atman
 - (b) Brahman
 - (c) Maya
 - (d) Moksha
7. Self-regulation refers to
- (a) controlling others' behaviour
 - (b) managing one's own thoughts and actions
 - (c) avoiding responsibilities
 - (d) ignoring emotions
8. Creativity is best described as
- (a) following rules strictly
 - (b) producing novel and useful ideas
 - (c) memorizing information
 - (d) repeating other' ideas
9. Self-enhancement is the tendency to
- (a) underestimate oneself
 - (b) improve and maintain positive self-view
 - (c) avoid social interaction
 - (d) reject feedback

10. Aptitude refers to

- (a) current level of knowledge
- (b) potential ability to learn or perform a task
- (c) personality traits
- (d) emotional stability

11. Which is a type of specific aptitude?

- (a) Emotional stability
- (b) Spatial ability
- (c) Neuroticism
- (d) Conscientiousness

12. Aptitude tests are mainly used for

- (a) diagnosing mental illness
- (b) career guidance and selection
- (c) personality therapy
- (d) measuring emotions

13. Trait theories of personality mainly focus on

- (a) unconscious conflicts
- (b) environmental conditioning
- (c) stable personality characteristics
- (d) childhood trauma

14. Group differences in intelligence can be influenced by
- (a) educational opportunities
 - (b) nutrition
 - (c) socio-economic status
 - (d) All of the above
15. Culture and gender influence individual differences by
- (a) eliminating personality differences
 - (b) shaping behaviour and values
 - (c) increasing IQ
 - (d) reducing intelligence

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

Answer any *five* from the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What is meant by trait theory of personality?
2. Briefly explain emotional intelligence (EI).
3. Define Anatta according to Buddhism.
4. What is meant by Advaita (non-dualism) in Indian Philosophy?
5. What is creativity in Psychology?
6. Define specific abilities.
7. What is meant by extremes of intelligence?

(6)

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

1. (a) Explain the humanistic and socio-cultural perspectives on personality highlighting their key assumptions.

2+8=10

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of culture and gender in shaping personality differences among individuals.

2+8=10

2. (a) Define intelligence and discuss the major theories of intelligence with special reference to Gardner's Multiple Intelligence Theory.

2+8=10

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of heredity and environment in intelligence development, citing relevant studies.

2+8=10

3. (a) Explain the concept of self in Indian Philosophy with reference to the Anatta view of Buddhism.

2+8=10

Or

- (b) Explain the Visishtadvaita view of Ramanuja.

10

4. (a) Discuss the importance of intrinsic motivation in enhancing individual potential. 10

Or

- (b) Explain the concept of self-regulation and its role in personal and academic success. 10

5. (a) Define aptitude. Discuss its types and characteristics. 2+8=10

Or

- (b) Explain specific abilities and their uses in academic setting. 10

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