

2 0 2 6

(FYUGP)

(6th Semester)

HISTORY

(MINOR)

Paper : HIS/MN-6

[History of India (1707-1857)]

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.*

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

Choose the correct option : 1×15=15

**1. According to the 'Dark Age' interpretation,
which major event led to the 8th century
'Chaos and Confusion' in India?**

- (a) Arrival of the Portuguese**
- (b) The decline of the Mughal power after
Aurangzeb**
- (c) The rise of regional powers**

2. Who founded the independent State of Hyderabad in 1724?
 - (a) Nizam-ul-Mulk
 - (b) Muzaffar Jung
 - (c) Salabat Jung
3. The Holkars were finally defeated by the British in
 - (a) the Battle of Plassey
 - (b) the third Anglo-Maratha War
 - (c) the third Battle of Panipat
4. The first European explorer to reach India via sea-route in 1498 is
 - (a) Christopher Columbus
 - (b) Vasco da Gama
 - (c) Thomas Roe
5. The 'Dastak System' practised by the English East India Company was related to
 - (a) military strength
 - (b) trade privileges
 - (c) recruitment of agents

6. The primary cause for the 3rd Carnatic War between the English and the French was the
- (a) attack of the French on Madras
 - (b) beginning of the Seven Years' War in Europe
 - (c) attack of the English on Pondicherry
7. The capital of French Colony in India is
- (a) Pondicherry
 - (b) Cochin
 - (c) Goa
8. Who was appointed the Nawab of Bengal after the Battle of Plassey?
- (a) Mir Jafar
 - (b) Siraj-ud-Daulah
 - (c) Alivardi Khan
9. The Fourth Mysore War (1799) occurred during the tenure of
- (a) Dalhousie
 - (b) Cornwallis
 - (c) Wellesley

10. The first Indian ruler to accept the Subsidiary Alliance in 1798 is

- (a) Tipu Sultan
- (b) Nawab of Awadh
- (c) Nizam of Hyderabad

11. The colonial land revenue system implemented in the South of India is

- (a) Mahalwari
- (b) Ryotwari
- (c) Zamindari

12. 'Drain of Wealth' theory was popularized by

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (b) R. C. Dutt
- (c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

13. Deindustrialization during the colonial period specifically referred to

- (a) the rapid growth of modern industries
- (b) the decline of traditional handicraft and cottage industries
- (c) the growing expansion of rural areas

14. Which of the following is considered one of the earliest organized tribal rebellions against the British rule?

- (a) Santhal Rebellion
- (b) Bhil Revolt
- (c) Kol Uprising

15. What was the immediate cause of the Revolt of 1857?

- (a) Economic exploitation by the British
- (b) Discontent among the Sepoys
- (c) Introduction of Enfield Rifle

Write short notes on the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Baji Rao II

Or

Hyder Ali

2. The British East India Company

Or

The Battle of Plassey

3. Dual System of the Government

Or

Doctrine of Lapse

4. Ryotwari Settlement

Or

The Regulating Act of 1773

5. Bhil Uprising

Or

Indigo Rebellion

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

1. Explain how different interpretation of historians have changed our understanding of the 18th Century India. 10

Or

Evaluate the rise of autonomous State of Bengal. 10

2. Trace the advent of European powers to India. 10

Or

Examine the causes and result of the Battle of Buxar. 5+5=10

3. Analyze the role of Wellesley's Subsidiary Alliance in expanding the British power in India. 10

Or

Examine the administrative systems introduced by the East India Company in India. 10

4. Enumerate the process that led to the deindustrialization in India. 10

Or

Examine India's foreign trade under the British rule. 10

5. Write a note on the Santhal Rebellion of 1855-56. 10

Or

Examine the nature and consequences of the Revolt of 1857. 5+5=10

★ ★ ★